Not agreed to. Mr. Steele introduced a bill to apportion the Rep-

resentation in the House of Commons. The Speaker announced that the bill was out of order, it being of the same nature of a bill now before the Senate; but the Senator (Mr. S.) had a right to offer it as an amendment to the bill before the Senate, lay it on the table and be printed. It was so dispos-

Mr. McMillan offered a resolution in fevor of the Sheriff of Onslow county.

Mr. T. F. Jones introduced a bill to amend the

sixth chapter of the Revised Statutes concerning at-

Mr. Washington introduced a bill to incorporate the North Carolina Mining company. Mr. W. also introduced a bill to incorporate Man-

teo Mining Company.

Message received from the House of Commons transmitting the return of the Adjutant General of the State, with a proposition to print. Concurred in. The pill to extend the right of appeals, prevent the accumulation of costs, expedite justice, &c., was taken up, and on motion of Mr. Kelly, laid on the table. Mr. Cunningham offered a resolution that no special order shall be taken up until after 19 o'clock, from

and after to-days Adopted. Mr. Bynum introduced a bill to revive and continue

ing company. Order of the day being the bill to incorporate the Atlantic and North Carolina Rail Road company, it was taken up and read a second time.

Mr. Steele proposed to amend by striking out portion of the 34th section, providing for the transfer of \$25,000 worth of stock from the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road to the Road. Adopted. Mr. Bower moved to strike out the whole of the

84th section, which provides for the transfer of the stock of Raleigha nd Gaston Rail Road to the Atlantie and North Carolina Rail Road company. Messrs. Washington and Gilmer opposed the amendment, and Messrs. Bower and Caldwell advo-

The amendment was rejected. Mr. Bower moved to amend by striking out the provision of the bill authorizing the Treasurer to endorse the bonds of towns and counties.

Pending the consideration of this amendment, The hour of 2 o'clock having arrived the Senate took a recess.

EVENING SESSION, 31 O'CLOCK. The unfinished business of yesterday was taken up, being the bill to make appropriations of money for

internal improvements. Mr. Joyner moved to amend the bill by striking out all that portion in relation to Nag's Head. Adopted. Mr. Gilmer then addressed the Senate at length, in favor of the bill; after which, Mr. Boyd moved to amend by appropriating \$500,-000 to construct a Rail Road from Danville, Va., to

Greensboro', N. C. Rejected. Mr. Brogden moved to postpone indefinitely. Pending which motion, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, Dec. 10, 1852. Senate proposing to vote for Superintendent of Com- Knoxville, Tennessee. mon Schools to day at 11 o'clock, which prevailed; but the Senate refused to concur therein. Mr. Mills, from the select committee, reported the

bill to re-establish Polk county and recommended its Mills, in favor of the bill, and by Mr. Webb, in op- inset in lieu thereof \$250,000. Rejected. position to it. On motion of Mr. Holeman the bill was indefinite- took a recess.

ly postponed, yeas 63, nays 40. A message was received from the Governor stating that, the conditions having been complied with, the board of Internal Improvements had subscribed \$2,-000,000, on the part of the State, to the N. C. rail-

Mr. D. F. Caldwell, from the committee on Cor-

or near Fayetteville to the coal fields in Chatham. by him, was rejected. Passed. Also favorably on the bill to amend the act incor-

porating the town of Lumberton. Passed. Also favorably on the bill to incorporate the Washington and Tarboro' plankroad company. Passed. The special order, being the motion to reconsider laid on the table-yens 56, mays 54.

Mr. Caldwell continued his reports from the committee on corporations: Favorably on the bill to incorporate the Caswell

plankroad company. Passed. Also faverably on the bill to incorporate Solomon' Lodge, No. 138, of ancient York Masons. Passed. of the officer to appoint commissioners to lay off a ing the Assembly that there are three vacancies in the to do so; which was rejected. Trustees of the State University, and also transmitting the report of the President and Directors of the Green-

ate with a proposition to print. A communication was received from the Treasurer transmitting statements of the condition of the Wadesboro' bank and Merchant's bank at Newbern. Sent to the Senate with a proposition to print.

The special order, being the bill to establish a freehold homestead, was taken up upon its second read-Mr. Cook offered an amendment providing that

every citizen of the State who has not 50 acres of olution put upon its 2nd reading. land shall be allowed to enter that quantity of any of the vacant lands of the State, and shall have a grant free of charge. The bill was discussed by Messrs. Cherry, Spruill,

and Albertson in its favor; and by Messrs. George, Puryear and Reid of Duplin in opposition to it, and | made. The hour of 2 o'clock having arrived the House took a recess.

Evening Session-34 o'clock. Mr. Hill, of Caswell, introduced a bill to incor-

porate Clinton Lodge, No. 107, ancient York Masons, Mr. Norfleet a bill to incorporate the Tarborough and Rocky Mount plankroad company. Referred to

committee on Corporations. Mr. Strange offered a resolution that our Senators and Representatives in Congress be earnestly requested to endeavor to get an appropriation from the general government sufficient to deepen the channel at the mouth of Cape Fear river. Adopted and sent to the Senate with a request that that body concur. Mr. Watters a bill to authorize the commissioner

of Smithville, to transfer a certain lot. Mr. Avery a bill to empower M. W. Kincaid, late Sheriff of Burke, to collect arrears of taxes. Also a bill to appoint a time for the meeting of the General Assembly. [Specifies 3d Monday in No-

vember, biennially.] Mr. Tripp a bill to amend the act incorporating the bank of Washington.

Mr. Strange a bill to incorporate the Ladies' benevolent Society in the town of Wilmington. Mr. Cook a bill to divide Wilker county.

Mr. Puryear a bill, accompanied by memorial, to hury, crossing the Blue Ridge at Roaring Gap, to he Virginia line.

Mr. Leach preseted a memorial praying for a new county to be called Clay, erected out of portions of Randolph, Davidson and Montgomery.

Mr. Mills offered a resolution that the House hold night sessions from and after Monday next. Lies over under rule.

Mr. Calloway introduced a bill to lay off a public county into two regiments instead of three, with aroad in Ashe county. Mr. Reid, of Duplin, a bill in relation to wills and

Mr. Waugh a resolution to reseind the resolution Guilford praying that a tax may be laid upon all dogs Mr. Turner, of Iredell, spoke in favor of the bill, except one to each family. Referred to committee and Mr. Black against it. Mr. Avery explained why on Finance. Messrs. Caldwell and Wiley presented he should vote for the bill.

Mr. Dobson introduced a bill to repair the road bill was rejected-yeas 33, nays 60. from the town of Dobson to the Virginia line.

Justices of the peace of Macon county to abolish jury jected. others to erect a toll bridge over the Catawba river.

Mr. Leach resolutions against "intervention."
Messrs. Collins, D. F. Ca'dwell, and Leach advocated the passage of the resolutions, and Mr. McNeill ples they embodied, but because he thought them in- amendment—yeas 64, nays 34.

expedient and unnecessary. Mr. Hill, of Duplin, offered an amendment, which was not read.

And the House adjourned.

SATURDAY, Dec. 11, 1852. Mr. Clark, from the committee on Corporations, eported back the bill to incorporate the Jacksonville and Trent River Plank Road. Company, with amend-

SENATE.

Mr. McDowell offered a resolution, that no bills shall be introduced in the Senate, from and after Monday next, unless by consent of the Senate.

Mr. Caldwell offered a resolution instructing the Public Treasurer to pay to the N. C. Rail Road Company \$100,000, being first instalment due by the State on the stock subscribed by the State in said company. Passed first time; and the rules were sus-

the bill, and having concluded his remarks pended, and passed three times. Mr. T. F. Jones moved that a message be sent to the House of Commons, proposing to vote for a Superintendent of Common Schools, on Monday next,

at II o'clock. Concurred in. The bill to repeal the county of Jackson, returned to the Senate, with an amendment, asking concurrence in force the North Carolina Mining and Manufactur- of the Senate. [Amendment proposes to organize Jackson County.] Amendment not concurred in.

First Reading of Bills. Bill for the better regulation of the Town of Clin on, in the County of Sampson. Bill to incorporate Uwharrie and Yadkin Plank Road company. Resolution relative to the bar at the mouth of Cape

Fear River. Bills on their third Reading. B.ll to regulate appeals to the Supreme Court, rom the six Judicial Circuits. Passed.

Bill to amend the 53d section of the 34th chapter of Revised Statutes. Passed. Bill to incorparate the Franklinsville Manufacturing Company, in the county of Randolph. Passed, Bill to alter the line between Buncombe and Hen-

derson Counties. Passed. Bill to incorporate the Swift Creek Plank Road Company. Passed. Bill to emancipate James Hosler, a slave. Passed. Bill to incorporate the North Carolina Mining Com-

Bills on their Second Reading. Bill in relation to the town of Oxford. Laid on the table. Bill to appoint Commissioners to locate the town

Marshall, in the County of Madison. Passed. Bill to provide for the improvement of the road from Reedy's River to the Tennessee line. The bill was amended and passed. The Speaker announced the order of the day, the

bill making appropriations for the works of internal improvements, being the unfinished business of yesterday. It was laid on the table, and, The bill for the extension of the Central Road East

the passage of the bill, its second reading, Mr. Hoke proposed to amend by appropriating Mr. Adams moved that a message be sent to the \$2,000,000 for the extension of the Road West, to

> Mr. Washington opposed the amendment, but would vote for a separate bill to extend. Mr. Bynum advocated the amendment-so, also, did Mr. Caldwell. Mr. Mitchell offered as amendment to the amend-

The question was debated at some length by Mr. ment to strike out of the 6th section \$1,000,000, and The hour of 2 o'clock having

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

SATURDAY, December 11th, 1859. The unfinished business of yesterday, being the road. Sent to the Senate with a proposition to print bill to establish a freehold homestead, was taken up, and referred to the committee on internal improve- the question being on the amendment offered by Mr.

Cook, which was rejected. Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford, offered an amendment porations, reported favorably on the bill to incorporate providing that no property except the freehold shall a company to construct a railroad from some point at be exempt from execution, which, after some remarks

Mr. Puryear offered to amend by striking out the 5th section, which provides that the homestead shall not exceed 50 acres in extent and \$500 in value; which was rejected. Mr. Avery offered an amendment that no husband

shall avail himself of the provisions of the bill whose the vote by which the Free Suffrage bill was rejected, wite is entitled, in her own right, to lands to the value was taken up, and on motion of Mr. Waugh it was of \$500; which was adopted.

Mr. Philips offered to amend by providing that the homestead shall constitute the wife's dower, if the ner's Depot Plank Road Company. husband dies seized of lands three times its value; which was adopted. Mr. Phillips also offered to amend by striking out

A message was received from the Governor inform- freehold when the debtor makes application to him A message was received from the Senate propo-

sing to vote for superintendent of common schools ville and Roanokerailroad company. Sent to the Sen- on Monday next at 11 o'clock; which was concurred in. Also a message transmitting an engrossed resolu-

tion directing the Treasurer to pay \$100,000 to the N. C. railroad company as a part of its first instalment of \$500,000-the \$100,000 to be returned to the Treasury out of the first money raised from the sale of State bonds. On motion of Mr. Avery the regular business was

laid upon the table, the rules suspended and the res-Mr. Saunders moved its reference to the committee on Internal Improvements, and spoke in favor of his motion, as did also Mr. Smith.

Messrs. Avery, Cherry and Spruill opposed the reference, and the vote being taken the reference was On motion of Mr. Amis the committee on Internal Improvement was allowed to sit during the session

of the House. The regular business was resumed, and Mr. Avery offered an amendment providing that the homestead may consist of less than 50 acres if necessary to reduce its value to not more than \$500.

Mr. Reid, of Duplin, moved to amend the amendment by providing that if the freehold, after it is laid off, shall increase in value so as to be worth over \$500 it shall not be exempt from execution.

Mr. Saunders said he was a friend to the bill, and suggested that it be allowed to pass its second reading and then be re-committed to the committee on the Judiciary that some improvements may be made. Mr. Reid, of Duplin, moved that the bill be now re-committed to the Judiciary committee, and the motion prevailed. Mr. Leach moved to reconsider the vote by which

the bill to establish Polk county was yesterday indefinitely postponed. Mr. Lander moved to lay the motion on the table, which did not prevail, and the House then refused to

reconsider. On motion of Mr. Adams the bill to divide Iredell county was taken from the table and made the spesial order for 12 o'clock to-day.

Mr. Wheeler, from the select committee to which was referred the act to incorporate the Catawba navappoint commissioners to lay off a read from Salis- igation company with instructions to report what amendments are necessary, reported a bill, which was ordered to be printed and made the special order for

11 o'clock on Monday next. Mr. Webb, from the select committee to which was referred military affairs, reported the bill to repeal chap. 85 of Statutes passed at the session of 1850-'51, and passed its 2nd reading. Also the bill to divide the militia of Rutherford

mendments, which were adopted and the bill passed. Also the bill to abolish the militia laws of the State, and recommended that it do not pass. Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford, spoke in favor of the making an appropriation for furnishing the capital. bill, and without concluding had to give way to the Mr. Johnson presented a memorial from citizens of special order, being the hill to divide Iredell county.

> Mr. Spruill demanded the yeas and nays, and the The unanished business, being

trials in the county courts of said county.

A message was received from the Senate informing the House that it had refused to concur in the amend-A message was received from the Senate informing ment to the bill to repeal Jackson county. Mr. Love moved that the House adhere to its

Mr. Smith moved to lay the motion on the table, opposed them, not because he objected to the princi- which did not prevail, and the House adhered to its On motion of Mr. Avery the rules were suspended

and the Senate forthwith informed of the action of the House. Mr. Webb, from the select committee on military affairs, reported another bill to abolish the militia laws and for other purposes, and recommended it do

Mr. McIntyre advocated the passage of the bill. Mr. Webb osposed it, and concluded hy moving to lay it on the table, which was done. Mr. D. F. Caldwell, from the committee on Corporations, reported favorably on the bill to incorporato the ladies' benevolent society in the town of Wilmington, and it passed, and on motion of Mr. Long,

of Randolph, the rules were suspended and it passed its third reading. Also the bill to incorporate a bank at Concord, and recommended its rejection. Mr. Harris, of Cabarras, advocated the passage of

The House took a recess. The evening session was devoted by the two Hous-

es to the appointment of Justices of the Peace. SENATE.

Monday, December 13, 1852. Mr. Clark, from the committee on Corporations, reported back the bill to incorporate Manteo Mining Company with amendments. Mr. Drake, from the committee on Claims, to whom

was referred a memorial relative to - Turnpike, reported the same back and asked to be discharged rom the further consideration thereof. Mr. Clark, from the committee on Corporations,

and Snow Hill Plank Road Company, with amend-Mr. Joyner, from the committee on Internal Improvements, to whom was referred sundry questions elative to the Roanoke Navigation Company, reported that the committee were of the opinion, that the Company, in default of complying with their charter, had forfeited their right, to the portion of Dan

River, in question. The hour of 11 o'clock having arrived, the Senate proceeded, in pursuance to a joint order made on Saturday, to vote for a Superintendent of Common

For Mr. C. H. Wiley-Mr. Speaker, Albright, Bynum, Cannady, Cowper, Cunningham, Gilmer, T. F. Jones, Joyner, Kelly, Lillington, McCleese, Mitchell, Murray, Palmer, Parks, Richardson, Steele, Thomas, Thompson, Washington, Willey, Woodfin and Lane. For Mr. T. H. Williams-Messrs, Barrow, Berry,

Bower, Boyd, Herring, Kerr, McDowell, McMillan, Murchison and Speight. For Mr. Mooring-Messrs. Brogden, Bunting, Drake, Hargrave, Hoke, W. Jones, Person, Shaw, Wooten, Withers and Ward.

Mr. Cunningham offered a resolution that a message be sent to the House of Commons proposing to to Beaufort, being the next unfinished business, was rescind the joint resolution to adjourn on the 15th taken up, and amended; and the question being on inst., and that the two Houses adjourn sine die on the 22d inst. Agreed to. A message was received from the House stating

that that body refused to recede from its amendment to the Senate bill providing for the repeal of the act establishing the county of Jackson. Mr. Joyner moved that the Senate adhere to its disagreement to the amendment of the House to said

Mr. Bynum moved to lay the the whole subject on the table, which motion prevailed. Message received from the House, proposing

agreed to. Message from the House proposing to vote for a ington. Passed. U. S. Senator, this day at 12 o'clock. Not agreed to, The engrossed bill from the House of Commons, to incorporate the Ladies' Benevolent Society in Wilmington, was read three times, under a suspension of the rules. Mr. Bynum introduced a bill and memorial to lay

off a Road in Gaston county. Mr. Clark offered a resolution providing for the printing of the public and private acts of the General Assembly, in separate volumes, and for other pu rposes, &c. Referred to the committee on the Indiciary. Mr. Clark introduced a bill defining the rules and powers of Turnpike and Plank Road Companies.

rision Sons of Temperance. Mr. Bower, a bill to authorize the erection of a toll bridge over New River, in the County of Ashe. Mr. Clark introduced a bill to incorporate Tarborough and Enfield Plank Road Company. Mr. Clark a bill to incorporate Tarborough and Joy-

Mr. Kelly, a bill in relation to the town of Troy. the 4th section of the bill, which makes it the duty tion when the Senate adjourned on Friday,

opposed it. The hour of 1 o'clock having arrived, the Senate roceeded to vote as follows for Public Treasurer: For Mr. Courts-Mr. Speaker, Albritton, Barrow, scattering 4. Mr. Courts was elected: Berry, Bower, Boyd, Brogden, Bunting, Caldwell,

McMillan, Mitchell, Murchison, Person, Speight, Shaw, Thomas, Ward, Watson and Withers. For Mr. R. G. A. Love-Messrs. Albright, Bynum, Cowper, Gilmer, Kelly, Lane, McCleese, Mur- On motion of Mr. Cherry a message was sent proray, Richardson, Thompson, Washingtion, Willey, ing to vote for four trustees of the University to-morand Woodfin.

Senate then took a recess.

EVENING SESSION. The unfinished business of the morning-Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad bill-was taken up. Mr. Bynum moved to postpone the bill and amend-

ment indefinitely. Mr. Woodfin moved to lay on the table. Not aoreed to. Question then recurring on the motion to postpone indefinitely, it was not postponed, yeas 21, nays 26.

The Senate then adjourned. HOUSE OF COMMONS. Monday, December 13, 1852.

The bill to incorporate a bank at Concord was ejected. Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford, from the committee on Corporations, reported the bill to incorporate the Trustees of Morning Sun Academy, and it passed. Also the hill to provide for the better regulation of

Also several bills for private corporations, which were laid upon the table, as a general incorporation law had been passed which embraced them in its officer to look into this matter. Not half of the counprovisions. Also the bill to incorporate the town of New Salem.

rovements, reported back the resolution directing the Treasurer to pay \$100,000 to the North Carolina on it, he wants an overseer to look after things. If been a profitable business. The number which has railroad company and recommended its passage. Passed, rules suspended, and passed its 3d reading, and ordered to be enrolled. On motion of Mr. Mills the resolution to hold night

sessions was taken up and adopted.

ules suspended, and passed its 3d reading. Also adversely on the resolution in favor of .Jos. Donalson, of Macon county. The resolution was ejected, and Mr. Martin moved to reconsider, which did not prevail. The hour of 11 o'clock having arrived the House proceeded to vote for a superintendent of common schools, Messrs. Johnson and Fonville being the

committee to superintend the election. Brooks, D. F. Caldwell, Calloway, Carmichael.

Mr. Munday a bill to authorize a majority of the the milita laws, was resumed, and the bill was re- Gaither, Godwin, Gwynn, W. S. Harris, W. H. the people we had saved them 1500 dollars. What Harris, Holeman, Johnson, Jones, Leach, Lockhart, would they say to us ? W. J. Long, Lovry, Love, Matthews, McDugald, Mr. Speaker, we now have a choice of evils before McIntyre, Mills, Perry, Perkins, Phillips. Puryear, us. Shall we strain at a gnat and swallow a camel? W. H. Sand ers, Shimpock, Stubbs, Simons, Smith, Shall we make a great noise about the pitiful sum of Spruill, Stiles, Teague, Thornburgh, W. Turner, J. 1500 dollars and silently permit the most enormous Spruill, Stiles, Teague, Thornburgh, W. Turner, J. 1500 dollars and stiently permit the most than the strength of the subject of permit the most than the strength of the subject of permit the most than the subject of permit the and Wynne-54.

bett, Dobbin, Fonville, Herring, W. Long, Martin, required to do this and that thing. Laws are dead Marshall, Pegram, Russell, R. M. Saunders, Sauls, letters without some one to enforce them. Besides, motion of which we all should feel equally soles.

Burton, Byrd, Chesnut, Christmas, Dobson, Dortch, Dunn, Dufham, Ellis, George, S. P. Hill, W. E. become of it, and every Governor and every Literary low-countrymen is doubted by none, and needs Hill, Jarvis, Lander, W. H. Lyon, J. F. Lyon, Mc- Board has solemnly assured us that a head is wanted Neill, Norfleet, Phelps, D. Reid, A. Reid, Rives, to hold subordinate officers to accountability. I want you thus to appreciate it. How far the means Walton, Ward, Waugh, S. A. Williams, Wilder and light, Mr. Speaker, I want an investigation, a full, authority of the State government, now entrusted

Williams 27.

Mr. Wiley was elected. the Comptroller and Treasurer and found them "all On motion of Mr. Avery a message was sent

to the Senate proposing to vote for Treasurer at 1 o'clock to-day; which was concurred in. Mr. Avery nominated Mr. Courts. Mr. Webb, from committee on private bills, ported favorably on the bill to authorize the sheriff of I wish an investigation, and I am willing to pay for in all its relations and appliances by the virtue and

Mr. Reid, of Duplin, reported a bill in favor of John S. Smith, of New Hanover, which passed its first reading.

the Senate proposing to vote for Senator at 12 o'clock altogether about \$200,000 annually. Sir, I repeat, let to-day; which was not concurred in. to rescind the resolution to adjourn on the 15th and

adjourn on the 22nd. Concurred in. Mr. Wheeler from the committee on Claims, made eported back the bill to incorporate the Neuse River a report upon the memorial of George Little, praying compensation for a negro killed on the Raleigh and Gaston railroad, with a resolution to pay Little \$700, which passed its first reading. Also adversely to the memorial of Jeptha Horton.

Report concurred in. Mr. Lander, from the committee on private bills, reported favorably on the bill to allow J. B. Gardner, year 1851. Passed, rules suspended, and passed 3d reading.

The special order, being the bill to incorporate the N. C. and Tennessee railroad company, was taken up, the question being on Mr. Holeman's amendment to Mr. Avery's amendment, striking out the sections authorizing counties to subscribe for stock; and the amendment to the amendment was adopted. The amendment as amended was then rejected-

reas 40, nays 65. On motion of Mr. Avery the bill was then laid unon the table.

Bills on their 2nd Reading. A resolution to furnish Union county with standard of weights and measures. Passed, rules suspended, and passed 3d reading. A bill to incorporate the Caswell mutual fire in

surance company. Passed.

Mr. Dortch moved to reconsider the vote by which Tennessee railroad company was rejected; and on parison of the rates current yesterday and on last motion of Mr. Avery the motion was laid on the ta- Tuesday.

Mr. Collins, from the committee on private bills, Hogs per 100 lbs net \$5 3 a 5 50 reported adversely to the resolution to authorize the it was rejected.

taxes. Mr. Dobson offered an amendment, and on ponding date last year. motion of Mr. Puryear both the resolution and amendment was laid on the table. Also favorably on the bill to extend the powers of

the commissioners of navigation for the port of Wash- Sides in Also favorably on the bill to authorize the sheriff of McDowell to collect arrears of taxes. The hour of 1 o'clock having arrived the House

proceeded to vote for Treasurer, Messrs. Avery and Thornburgh superintending the election. Allen, Avery, Barrett, Black, Bryant, Burton, Callo-Lyon, Martin, Marshall, Mooring, McNeill, Norfleet,

Sutton, Tolson, Walton, Ward, Waugh, Wheeler, Wilder and Wood-53. For Mr. Love: Messrs. Albertson, Alford, Baxter, Barce, Blow, Brooks, Byrd, J. A. Caldwell, D. F. Caldwell, Carmichael, Cherry, Christmas, Collins, Cook, Cotten, Daniel, Erwin, Eure, Furr, Godwin, mons, Smith, Spruill, Stiles, Stubbs, Teague, Thorn- taken on, dressed, in which shape they are worth

Wynne-52. The whole number of votes cast was 151; neces-

posing to vote for Solicitor of the 7th circuit to-mor-

row at 12 o'clock. row at 121 o'clock. The House then adjourned till 10 o'clock to-mor-

REMARKS OF MR. CUNNINGHAM,

OF PERSON.

row morning.

Delivered in the Senate, on the 29th November, to appoint a Superintendant of Common Schools. Mr. Cunningham said: I have made up my mind, Sir, to vote for the bill that is now before the Senate, and I wish my reasons for doing so to be distinctly understood. The largest monetary interest in North Carolina is the Common School fund. It consists of about two millions of dollars, besides an immense have been made at that rate. amount of swamp lands; and while the interest on these two millions is annually appropriated among the Counties according to federal population, an amount nearly equally large is raised for the same purpose every year by taxation.

That we may know what becomes of this fund, the

Governor has informed us they do not. Every Govties have reported regularly, and it is said immense County officers to report. They are left to act accor- 91c.; 500 barrels gut and head lard at 91c. Mr. Avery, from the committee on Internal Im- ding to their own sense of right and wrong. Sir, if a man owns a large plantation and has many hands he has an extensive store he wants a good clerk. been sent to Philadelphia and New York is almost Whosoever lays out large sums of money in specu- incredible. The farmers of Burlington county have Latham, Sheriff of Washington county. Passed, us all about the Schools, and what has been done with the million of dollars spent in the last ten years. What would we say ? What could we say ? Sir, it any thing about it, I do not know how much has been wasted, how much has been well applied, or how much has been forever lost." Then suppose, Sir, er crops by insects, while weeds, and other pests of they ask us why we cannot give information on these the field, were left unscathed, Providence is now, subjects. We would have to reply, it would have by something like the potatoe blight, exterminating duty sacred and indispensable." cost us 1500 dollars, and we did not wish to spend the thistle and mullen of Maine; in some parts none Mr. Leach nominated Mr. Wiley; Mr. Strange your money. That is, we preferred to run the risk of escape the exterminating destroyer. Thus "good is-Mr. Williams; and Mr. Dortch Mr. Mooring.

Those who voted for Mr. Wiley are: Messrs.

Adams, Albertson, Alford, Amis, Barco, Blow, losing 120,000 dollars of the people's money every educed from it, and the equal ways of Providence Is it folly or wisdom? Suppose, Sir, we were to In 79 towns in New Hampshire, the vote on the size of Ned Stanly nowand what it would have been the bill to abolish Cherry, Cook, Collen, Daniel, Dargan, Erwin, Eure, abolish the office of Treasurer and go home and tell Liquor Bill was: for the bill, 4,637, against, 6,082. had gen. Scott been elected. Warrenton News.

to see the money applied to any lawful purpose ? in ular Education. Particularly am I emboldened to a For Mr. Williams: Messrs. Allen, Barrett, Cor- will not do to tell me the County superintendants are undertaking, from the fact that it is a subject we are not left to arguments in this matter. The ex- ous. Scales, Sherrill, Strange and Sutton-17.
For Mr. Mooring: Messrs. Avery, Black, Bryant, perience of ten years stares us in the face. We have spent a million and do not know this day what has diffusion among all classes and conditions of our fair, and thorough investigation. Are we to go on your control and direction, should be employed The whole number of votes cast was 150; neces- spending 120,000 dollars without ever knowing promote it, should be to you a question of deep in sary to a choice 76; Wiley received 79; Mooring 43; whether it is doing good or evil ? Let us know the est and of paramount importance. Is it a come result so far; let us have all the facts before us; let tional duty? Did you so consider it when pledging us appoint this agent to investigate; let us procure a your fidelity to the Constitution of our State. Mr. Cherry, from the committee on Finance, re- full report on the system and know whether the peo- promising to your constitutents the performance of ported that the committee had examined the books of ple wish to continue it or stop it. We have tried the system ten years and spent a million of dollars, and do not know one fact. It is full time to overhaul ment were rightly understood you are committed past transactions; to see what is lost and what has this two-fold sense. Our government was instituted been gained, to have an account current made out up and our legislature particularly as one of its branche to date, and see whether this immense concern is a to devise means and measures to enable the pengaining or a losing business. I am a partner, you are more understandingly and justly to govern themselves partner, all the people are partners, and Sir, for one,

Rurherford to collect arrears of taxes; and it was re- it. The \$1500 will take about one cent from the amount disbursed for each child in the State. Will to their elevation and advancement, might receive the it be a waste of money, for each partner to spend this one cent to see if one million has been properly or association of men, ought in like manner to come applied ?-to strike a balance sheet and see whether On motion of Mr. Leach a message was sent to it is worth while to continue a business, costing now resentatives. It being evident that popular educaus post the books and balance them. Let us have members of our political organization is indispensa-A message was received from the Senate proposing light before we spend millions more on a system, in ble to the fair and enlightened administration of the regard to whose general operations we have not heard form of government, we as a nation have chosen, one syllable, though it has already swallowed a mill-

ion of dollars. If any Senator will make a simple calculation, he will find out what it will cost his County. For in- authority and employ all its means to promote it stance, by multiplying the amount distributed to each However pleasing might be the prosecution of this county by the sum proposed to be paid to the super-intendent, and dividing by the whole amount distributed in the State, will give what each county has to pay. I have made a calculation in regard to my county and find that each school district will only to collect the taxes due in Yancey county for the lose 49 cents. Now, Sir, that is a very insignificant sum. All admit that our present system is very defective. This has been the case in other States, un- terwoven with the manners and breeding of the peotil a superintendent has been appointed, and then it

has succeeded admirably. With these views, Sir, I will support the bill, and earnestly hope it will pass. I insist on it the people youth would answer in each, the purposes of a lawought to be informed of the nature and operations of giver. For he resolved the whole business of legisthat concern which has cost and is costing so much. We dare not stop, we cannot wisely go on without more information. Let the superintendent be ap- of a law giver, and he began with it at the very pointed, and let us have a settlement up to date and source."

know on what ground we stand. [The yeas and nays were taken and resulted thuswhich is knowledge; and one evil thing which is ignorance. How, then, can governments, whose yeas 30, nays 18. So the bill passed.]

PORK PACKING IN THE WEST. The Cincinnati Gazette, of the 24th instant, says: In the hog market we have to notice continued excitement, and in prices a further material advance has Mr. Avery's amendment to the North Carolina and been established, as shown by the following com-

\$6 00 At the corresponding dates last year \$4 50 a 4 60 late sheriff of Wilkes to collect arrears of taxes, and was the range. The average for the last year was \$4 70. Hog products are advancing in proportion Also favorably on the resolution to authorize the to hogs and the value of the leading articles compare late sheriff of Surry and Yadkin to collect arrears of as follows, with the rates obtainable at the corres 1851. Mess Pork 16 00

12 00 Shoulders in Dry Salt 4 a 48 51 a 51 Green Hams 68 a 63 Green Sides 48 a 43 Prime barreled Lard The demand for products has continued very good, and dealers have met buyers very freely. There does

not seem to be much disposition on the part of pack-Mr. Christmas nominated Mr. Love of Haywood. ers to accumulate stocks. The largest portion of the Those who voted for Mr. Courts are: Messrs. purchases has been made on Eastern account. Last week we remarked that the hog market was unsettled. way, Chesnut, Corbett, Dobbin, Dobson, Dortch, and it was uncertain whether the next move would Dunn, Durham, Ellis, Fonville, Foreman, George, be up or down. It proved, however, to be an advance, Gwynn, Herring, S. P. Hill, W. E. Hill, Jarvis, and buyers are now more confident that the market Lander, Lockhart, Wm. Long, J. F. Lyon, W. H. will be sustained than they were two weeks ago that \$5,25 would be realized. The fact that a majority of Mr. Murchison, a bill to incorporate Cherith Di- Pegram, Perry, Phelps, D. Reid, A. Reid, Rives, dealers have been purchasers at \$6, has, we sup-Russell, Saunders, Sanders, Sauls, Scales, Strange, pose, contributed largely towards establishing con-It is not probable that any information of a reliable

character has been received, calculated to change the opinions entertained a week or two since, as to the probable extent of the incoming crop. Hogs, we believe, are now higher than they have been since W. S. Harris, W. H. Harris, Johnson, Jones, W. J. 1838. There is a continued demand east of here for Order of the day being the Atlantic Rail Road Bill; Long, Leach, Lowry, Matthews, Miller, Munday, the New York market, and at points on the railway, and Mr. Hoke's amendment being under considera- Mills, McDugald, Perkins, Phillips, Shimpock, Si- 6 cents is paid. They are now, we believe chiefly Mills, McDugald, Perkins, Phillips, Shimpock, Si- 6 cents is paid. They are now, we believe, chiefly Mr. Kelly spoke against the amendment. Mr. burgh, Trexler, Tripp, W. Turner, J. Turner, Wat- a 8 cents in New York. This price, after paying Caldwell advocated the amendment. Mr. Lillington ters, Webb, Whitehurst, Wiley, S. A. Williams and first cost and freights, would leave but a small margin for profits. Our advices from points in the West are meagre. In St. Louis the market is still unsetsary to a choice 76; Courts received 81; Love 66; tled, and packers are indisposed to pay the prices demanded. The Louisville Journal, of Tuesday morn-On motion of Mr. Tolson a message was sent to ing, says holders have instructed their agents in this Cannady, Clark, Cunningham, Drake, Hargrave, Herring, Hoke, Jones of Wake, Kerr, McDowell, to-morrow at 11 o'clock. On motion of Mr. McNeill a message was sent pro- \$5,50 net is freely offered. The number slaughtered thus far does not exceed 20,000 head. The market

is much excited. We are informed that about two-thirds of the Hogs to be packed at Louisville, will be cut on account of drovers, who, as remarked last week, made their arrangements to pack in consequence of the prices heretofore offered not affording a profit on their summer and winter contracts. In the interior there is considable excitement, and where the Hogs are within reach of this market, we are told it is almost impossible to make purchases. Our quotations are 40 a 50c. per hundred pounds above Louisville and Madison, amounting to over one dollar per head. This will pay for driving or freighting a considerable distance. The Quincy (III.) Whig of the 16th instant, says, Messrs. Bond & Gove have commenced packing. They began on the 15th to cut up a lot of 800 hogs. The packers of that city are now paying \$5 per hundred for heavy well fatted hogs. Several contracts

The Louisville Journal of the 22d says of provisions: "In the provision market we hear of the following sales: The product of 1200 hogs at 54c. for the shoulders, 71c. for the hams, 81c. for the lard, and \$15 25 for the mess pork; 10,000 hams from block at 7½c.; 8,000 shoulders at 6c., two weeks in the town of Louisburg, in Franklin county, which passed.

County officers are required to report to the Governor and 5,000 from block at 54c., and 500 barrels mess pork at \$15 50; 500 barrels lard at 91c.; 500 barrels ernor has called on us to appoint a superintending mess pork at \$15 50; 10,000 hams 72c. Nearly all these purchases were made on Eastern account. Also in the early part of the week, 1,000 hogs off the hooks sums have been lost sight of. No one calls on the at \$5 40, and the prime lard of about 30,000 head at

lation, acts very foolishly, if he does not look after it sent thousands of bushels since the crop was gathhimself or employ a trusty agent to do it for him, and ered, and yet the demand for them seems to increase. if he does not do so, he is any thing else than an One man in Salem, a dealer, has sent 32,000 bushr Mr. Tolson offered a resolution to prohibit the in- economist. For the sake of economy, I want a Su- els, which have yielded the farmers \$16,000. Mr. troduction of new bills after to-day. Lies over under perintendant of Common Schools. This school mon- Morgan, in Camden county, has raised 100,000 bushey is the people's money, and they expect us to see els, which at present prices, 62½ cents a bushei, Mr. Cherry, from the committee on Finance, reit properly applied. Suppose, Sir, when we go home, would yield \$62,500. This is farming to some purorted favorably on the resolution in favor of C. they ask us about these things. Suppose they ask FARMERS SHOULD NOT COMPLAIN. Every product we told the truth, we would say, "I cannot tell you prices. There is nothing that he raises that he does of the farmer is now in active demand, and at full not readily sell. But as if more effectually to rebuke

For the Standay To the Honoruble Members of the Senate and H.

of Commons of North Caroling ; Presuming much upon your kindly forbearance is

The great importance of Education and its genen argument, addressed to your intelligence to enach legislative obligations to the best of your abilities In my opinion if the ends and aims of our gover

Having adopted the representative form, controlled intelligence of the people, whatever measure, lending sanction and recommendation of any respectable class under the protection and encouragement of their rep. tion, as extensive and [diffusive as the individua follows as a right of self-preservation, growing out of the Constitution as well as this relation to the public interest that the Legislature should exercise all in those good and wise men, both ancient and modern, whose moral virtues and high public services will add more weight to their counsel:

1. "What Lycurgus thought most conducive to the virtue and happiness of a city, was principle inple. This would remain immovable, as resting on nclination, and be the strongest, and most lasting tie : and the habits which education produced in the lation into the bringing up of a youth-which he looked upon as the loftiest and most glorious work 2. Socrates says : " There is but one good thing,

chief and constant duty it should be to lessen the

amount of evil and increase the amount of good, stand exonerated from the responsibility of the care of Public Education "? 3. Aristotle says: "That the Education of youth ought to form the principal part of the Legislator's attention, cannot be a matter of doubt, since education first moulds, and afterwards sustains the various modes of government. The better and more perfect the system of Education, the better and more perfect the plan of government, it is intended to introduce and uphold. In this important object, fellow-citizens. are all equally and deeply concerned, and as they are all united in one common work for one common purpose, their Education ought to be regulated by the general consent, and not abandoned to the blind deci-

sion of chance or idle caprice." 4. Pythagoras says: "The object of wisdom is to practice of temperance and truth. Much forethought and discretion is necessary in the education of children. Let them be conducted in the best course of life, and habit will render it pleasant."

5. Cleomethes says : "That a man without knowledge-he whose outward shape is that of a man, but whose mind has not been instructed and informed by Education-differed from the vilest of the brute creation in figure only." Many more valuable extracts could be obtained from Plato, Geno and others of those ancient philoso-

phers, but want of space hastens me to those modern, who furnish authority equally powerful and more ap-6. Locke says: " A sound mind in a sound body comprises a happy state in this world. Of all the men we meet with, nine parts in ten are what they are, good or evil, useful or not by their Education.' 7. Milton says: "The reforming of Education is one of the greatest and noblest designs that can be thought of. The right path of a virtuous and noble Education is laborious indeed at the first ascent, but else so smooth, so green, so full of goodly prospect

Orpheus was not more charming." 8. Lord Kames-a Scottish noble, says : " Education being of great importance to the public as well as to individuals, may well be deemed one of the capital articles of Government. It is entitled to the nursing care of the Legislature, for no State ever long flourished when Education was neglected and even in a private view, not a single branch of it is below the attention of the gravest writer."

and melodious sounds on every side, that the harp of

good Constitution must keep it, anmely men of wisdom and virtue: qualities, that because they descend not with worldly inheritance, must be carefully propagated by a virtuous education of youth for which spare no cosi, for by such parsimony, all that is saved 10. Washington says: " Promote, as an object of primary importance, Institutions for the general diffu-

9. William Penn says: "That which makes a

sion of knowledge. In proportion as the structure of a government gives force to public opinion, it is essential that public opinion should be enlightened. 11. John Adams says: "The wisdom and generosity of the Legislature in making liberal appropriations in money for the benefit of Schools, Academies, &c., is an equal honor to them and their constituents, a proof of their veneration for letters and science, and a portent of great and lasting good to North and South America and to the world. Great is truth-great is liberty-great is humany, and they must and will

prevail.

12. Thomas Jefferson says: "I look to the diffusion of light and education as the resources most to be relied on for amelorating the condition, promoting the virtue and advancing the happiness of man. And I do hope in the present spirit of extending to the great mass of mankind the blessings of instruction, see a prospect of great advancement in the happiness of the human race and this may proceed to an indefinite, although not to an infinite degree. A system of general instruction which shall reach every description of our citizens from the richest to the poorest, as it was the earliest so it shall be the latest of all the public concerns in which I shall permit myself to take an interest. Give it to us, in any shape, and receive for the inestimable boon the thanks of the young and the blessings of the old, who are past all other services but prayers for the prospetity of their country and blessings to those who promote it." Raising potatoes, this year, in New Jersey, has

13. James Madison says: " Learned institutions ought to be the favorite objects with every free people : they throw that light over the public mind which is the best security against crafty and dangerous encroachments on the public liberty. They multiply the educated individuals, from among whom the people may elect a due portion of their public agents of every description, more especially of those who are to frame the laws: by the perspicuity-the consistency and the stability, as well as by the justice and equal spirit of which the great social purposes are to be answered."

14. James Monroe says: " Let us, by all wise and constitutional means, promote intelligence among the people as the best means of preserving our liberties."

15. John Quiney Adams says: "Moral, political and intellectual improvements are duties assigned by the author of our existence to social no less than to individual man. For the fulfilment of these duties, governments are invested with power, and to the attainment of these ends, the exercise of this power is a

LONG CREEK. October 27th, 1852.